SHAPING THE FUTURE ONE PROJECT AT A TIME SM

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Rate Analysis Report

for the

Stormwater Utility Fee

For the

City of Rancho Cordova







April 15, 2014

Introduction

The City of Rancho Cordova (City) is detaching from the County of Sacramento fee and is creating their own Stormwater Utility Fee, which is being levied per the California Health and Safety Code Section 5471 et seq.

The purpose of this Rate Analysis Report is to:

- Review the Stormwater Utility Fee and improvements to be funded.
- Review the requirements of Article XIIID of the State Constitution (Proposition 218) relating to requirements for apportioning the costs associated with the City's stormwater runoff system.
- Analyze and recommend an appropriate rate structure and provide estimated rates based on cost data information provided by the City.

Proposition 218 Requirements

This fee must comply with the provisions of Article XIIID of the California Constitution (Proposition 218). Section 6 of Proposition 218 has the following requirements for all "new, extended, imposed or increased" fees and charges:

- 1) "Revenues derived from the fee or charge shall not exceed the funds required to provide the property-related service."
- 2) "Revenues derived from the fee or charge shall not be used for any purpose other than that for which the fee or charge was imposed."
- 3) "The amount of a fee or charge imposed upon any parcel or person as an incident of property ownership shall not exceed the proportional cost of the service attributable to the parcel."
- 4) "No fee or charge may be imposed for a service unless that service is actually used by, or immediately available to, the owner of the property in question. Fees or charges based on potential or future use of service are not permitted. Standby charges, whether characterized as charges or assessments, shall be classified as assessments and shall not be imposed without compliance with [the assessment section of this code]."
- 5) "No fee or charge may be imposed for general governmental services including, but not limited to, police, fire, ambulance or library services where the service is available to the public at large in substantially the same manner as it is to property owners."

Background Information

In accordance with the Federal Clean Water Act of 1972, the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is required to establish regulations setting forth National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit standards. The enactment of 1987 amendments to the Federal Clean Water Act (Act) of 1972 imposes permit requirements for discharge of storm waters. The Act allows the EPA to delegate its NPDES permitting authority to states with an approved environmental regulatory program. The State of California is one of the delegated states.

The responsibility for implementing various NPDES permits in the State of California has been delegated to the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB). The SWRCB administers NPDES authority through its nine Regional Boards. As an NPDES permittee, the City is required to manage stormwater pollution within its jurisdiction.

In order to provide for the safety of the residents of the City and protect property in the City from the damage associated with flooding and to meet the requirements of the NPDES permit, it is necessary to design, construct, operate, maintain, improve and replace storm drainage facilities which collect storm and surface water runoff and convey and treat such runoff in a safe manner to an acceptable point of discharge. It is also necessary to inspect, monitor, and take enforcement action related to illegal dumping, and illicit discharges. In order to properly fund such facilities and activities, the City has determined that it is necessary to impose on all developing properties in Rancho Cordova a user charge for storm drainage service.

Based on the 2030 General Plan and current specific plan areas, Rancho Cordova is expected to develop as shown in Table 1 below. The proposed boundary for the stormwater utility is shown in Appendix A.

Table 1 - Land Use

	Land Hay / Zanina Dagarintian	T-4-1 A	Tatal Unita
Residentia	Land Use/ Zoning Description	Total Acres	Total Units
LDR	SF (2.1-6.0 DU/AC)	2 625	12 156
LDK	,	2,635 322	13,156
MDD	MD (6.1-12 DU/AC)		2,524
MDR	MD (6.1-18.0 DU/AC)	1,852	13,231
LIDD	MD (14.0-29.9 DU/AC)	60	885
HDR	HD (18.1-40.0 DU/AC)	192	4,372
	HD (30+ DU/AC)	30	825
	Residential Total	5,090	34,993
Non-Resid	Lontial:		
		202	
VC	Village Commercial	202	
LTC	Local Town Center	134	
RTC	Regional Town Center	172	
BP	Business Park	158	
MP	Industrial Park	283	
Education	:		
HS/MS	High School/Middle School	356	
MS	Middle School	20	
ES	Elementary School	102	
	Liementary Conoci	102	
Open Spa	ce & Public:		
CP	Community Park	313	
P/QP	Public/Quasi Public	37	
NP	Neighborhood Park	194	
SWD	Storm Water Detention	186	
WP	Wetland Preserve	745	
DP	Drainage Parkway	270	
PR	Private Recreation	63	
os	Open Space	168	
OS/P	Open Space/Preserve	279	
LC	Landscape Corridors	123	
GB	Green Belts	54	
ROW	Right-of-way	596	
BR/WP	Reservoir / Wetland Preserve	528	
S	Sewer Lift Station / Utility Substa		
	Vacant (unknown dev plan)	595	
	Total Non-residential	5,590	
	Total Residential & Non-Res	10 690	
	Total Residential & Non-Res	10,680	

A more detailed land use table by development area is shown in Appendix D.

This development is expected to require significant stormwater drainage and flood control facilities. Based on the development area and improvements that were required in four (4) recent developments

within the County of Sacramento, Table 2 summarizes the improvements that are expected once development is complete.

Table 2 – Expected Improvements

Infrastructure Type	Quantity	
Inlets	6,400	LF
Manholes	4,460	LF
66" Pipe	3,950	LF
60" Pipe	10,280	LF
54" Pipe	11,140	LF
48" Pipe	10,210	LF
42" Pipe	28,620	LF
36" Pipe	42,420	LF
30" Pipe	51,050	LF
27" Pipe	540	LF
24" Pipe	91,960	LF
21" Pipe	2,230	LF
18" Pipe	100,300	LF
15" Pipe	101,300	LF
12" Pipe	529,890	0
10" Pipe	4,170	0
Creeks and Channels	80	AC
Basins	320	AC

Services Funded

Expenditures from the revenue generated from the Stormwater Utility Fee are intended to comply with the requirements set forth in the NPDES permit. The activities and services funded by this fee include, but are not limited to:

- 1. Administration and oversight of the requirements set forth in the NPDES permit to City departments, developments, and local agencies.
- 2. Respond to and investigate incidents of illicit discharges and illegal connections to the storm drain system.
- 3. Periodically inspect facilities for proper handling of materials, chemicals, pollutants, garbage, waste, and debris and prevent any discharges to the storm drain system.
- 4. Regularly clean and maintain catch basins, the flowline, and storm drainage facilities.
- 5. Installation and maintenance of water quality devices required to keep pollutants out of the storm drain system.
- 6. Discourage illegal dumping or discharge of pollutants into the storm drain system by stenciling all City-owned catch basins with a "No Dumping" message.
- 7. Augment public education and outreach programs in regards to the proper use and function of the storm drainage system and the receiving waters.

- 8. Develop programs to promote, publicize, and facilitate public reporting of illicit discharges to the storm drain system.
- 9. Encourage the proper disposal of household hazardous waste (HHW) to prevent the improper disposal to the storm drain system or to the sewer system.
- 10. Discourage the improper disposal of litter, garden clippings, leaves, and pet waste into the street or the storm drain system.
- 11. Capital replacement of storm drainage and flood control improvements at the end of the expected useful life for such improvements.

Rate Structure Analysis

Section 6.b of Article XIIID of the State Constitution (Proposition 218) states that:

"The amount of a fee or charge imposed upon any parcel or person as an incident of property ownership shall not exceed the proportional cost of the service attributable to the parcel."

and

"No fee or charge may be imposed for a service unless that service is actually used by, or immediately available to, the owner of the property in question."

By definition, all properties that shed stormwater into the City's stormwater drainage system use, or are served by, the City's stormwater drainage system. The amount of use attributed to each parcel is measurable by the amount of storm runoff contributed by the property, which is directly proportional to the amount of impervious area on a parcel (such as buildings and concrete). The more impervious area on a property, the more storm runoff the property generates, the more demand placed on the storm drain system.

The amount each parcel uses the stormwater drainage system is computed by the following formula:

(Parcel Area) x (Impervious Percentage) = Drainage Units

The typical percent impervious (% Impervious) for land uses in the City, have been applied for the purposes of estimating the runoff generated by each property. These are shown in Appendix B.

The more Drainage Units a parcel has, the more storm run-off it generates, and the more it uses and impacts the stormwater drainage system.

It is standard practice to relate other land uses to a developed single family residential (SFR) parcel, instead of working exclusively with drainage units. The median size of a SFR parcel will be approximately 0.16 acre. Therefore, it makes sense to relate all parcels to this median residential property. The runoff from a 0.16-acre SFR parcel is set equal to one Drainage Measurement Unit (DMU) and this base DMU is calculated as follows:

 $(0.16 \text{ acres of area}) \times 50\% = 0.0800 \text{ Impervious Area} = 1 \text{ DMU}$

Single Family Residential Parcels

As a SFR property increases in size over the median parcel size, the typical percentage of impervious area decreases, as shown in Appendix B. Conversely, as a SFR parcel decreases in size below the median parcel size, the typical percentage of impervious area increases, and such increase is typically proportional to the decrease in size. Therefore, SFR properties are separated into five (5) groups. The median parcel area for each group was used and their DMUs are calculated as follows:

SFR Category	DMU/ Formula
SFR1 – SFR parcels 0.16 acres or less	1.00 DMU
SFR2 – SFR parcels 0.17 - 0.25 acres	1.10 DMUs
SFR3 – SFR parcels 0.26 – 0.33 acres	1.175 DMUs
SFR4 – SFR parcels 0.34 – 0.50 acres	1.25 DMUs
SFR5 – SFR parcels greater than 0.50 acres	$1.25 + [(acres - 0.50) \times 5\%] = DMUs$
	0.0800

Multi-Family Residential Parcels

Multi-Family Residential (MFR) units (including condominiums) are split into categories by the density, or number of dwelling units per acre (DU/Ac) as follows:

MFR Category	Density	% Impervious
MFR1 - High Density	Greater than 18 DU/Ac	75%
MFR 2 - Med Density	10 - 18 DU/Ac	70%
Acreag	ge x %Impervious = DMUs	

Condominium unit parcel areas are calculated by dividing the total area of the condominium complex (which includes the common area) by the number of condominium units, and the total imperviousness of the entire complex is attributed to each individual condo parcel in the complex. (This divides the runoff of the entire complex to each of the individual units.) Because these condominium common areas are taken into consideration in this manner, they are exempt from the charge.

Non- Residential Parcels

All non-residential parcel DMUs will be based on the impervious area (runoff coefficient) table shown in Exhibit B, using the following formula:

All parcels draining into Rancho Cordova Stormwater Utility Fee-maintained drainage infrastructure are proposed to be charged the same user fee rate per DMU for stormwater runoff treatment. The Rancho Cordova Stormwater Utility Fee is proposed in perpetuity.

For the purposes of this report, City-maintained drainage infrastructure includes streets, pipes, inlets, outlets, and natural drainage courses. Parcels related to these types of property uses are exempt from the runoff charge, as they are part of the infrastructure being funded. Also exempt from the runoff charge is Caltrans right-of-way, because Caltrans handles its own runoff under a separate NPDES permit.

Drainage units may be adjusted based on appeal from the property owner. See the Appeals Process below.

Table 3, below, provides a preliminary summary of DMUs for the various land uses in Rancho Cordova.

<u>Table 3 – Drainage Measurement Unit Summary Table</u>

	Number of	Total Area	Impervious Area	
Landuse Description	Units	(acres)	(acres)	DMUs
SINGLE FAMILY RESIDENTIAL (SFR1)	15,107	2,028		15,107.00
SINGLE FAMILY RESIDENTIAL (SFR2)	13,790	2,776		15,169.00
SINGLE FAMILY RESIDENTIAL (SFR3)	14	4		16.45
SINGLE FAMILY RESIDENTIAL (SFR4)				-
SINGLE FAMILY RESIDENTIAL (SFR5)				-
MULTI-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL (MFR1)	6,082	282		2,639.06
COMMERCIAL		666	632	7,904.00
INDUSTRIAL		283	226	2,830.00
SCHOOLS		478	239	2,985.00
PRIVATE RECREATION		63	16	195.31
PARKS/GREENBELTS		561	140	1,752.47
PUBLIC		51	15	190.13
TOTAL	34,993	7,190	1,269	48,788

Cost Estimate

Table 4 below shows the estimated costs to maintain infrastructure in the developing areas. Unit costs for maintenance were derived using budget information provided by the County, since the County currently maintains the storm drainage system. The budget information is shown in Appendix C.

Table 4 – Estimated Costs

	Estimated Quantity	Unit	Cost (\$/unit)	Frequency	Total Cost/Year
Maintenance Costs:					
Trunk Lines (larger than 24") - TV Lines	158210	LF	\$ 7.50	25 years	\$ 47,463.00
Drainage Lines 10"-24" Cleaning	829850	LF	\$ 3.00	10 years	\$ 248,955.00
Drainage Lines 10"-24" TV	829850	LF	\$ 7.50	25 years	\$ 248,955.00
Creek and Channel Maintenance and Repair	65070	LF	\$ 0.75	1 year	\$ 49,009.83
Pipe Repairs	998920	LF	\$ 0.45	1 year	\$ 451,380.43
Creeks and Channels Mowing	80	AC	\$6,825	1 year	\$ 546,000.00
Creeks and Channels Herbicides	80	AC	\$680	1 year	\$ 54,400.00
Basins Mowing	320	AC	\$9,510	1 year	\$ 3,043,200.00
Basin De-silt	320	AC	\$1,000	25 years	\$ 12,800.00
Basins Herbicides	320	AC	\$761	1 year	\$ 243,360.00
Replacement Costs:					
Inlets	6400	EA	\$2,000	75 years	\$170,667
Manholes	4460	EA	\$3,500	75 years	\$208,133
66" Pipe	3950	LF	\$550	100 years	\$21,725
60" Pipe	10280	LF	\$475	100 years	\$48,830
54" Pipe	11140	LF	\$400	100 years	\$44,560
48" Pipe	10210	LF	\$325	100 years	\$33,183
42" Pipe	28620	LF	\$275	100 years	\$78,705
36" Pipe	42420	LF	\$225	100 years	\$95,445
30" Pipe	51050	LF	\$175	100 years	\$89,338
27" Pipe	540	LF	\$150	100 years	\$810
24" Pipe	91960	LF	\$125	100 years	\$114,950
21" Pipe	2230	LF	\$115	100 years	\$2,565
18" Pipe	100300	LF	\$105	100 years	\$105,315
15" Pipe	101300	LF	\$95	100 years	\$96,235
12" Pipe	529890	LF	\$85	100 years	\$450,407
10" Pipe	4170	LF	\$75	100 years	\$3,128

Total:	\$6,509,517
Annual Fee Administration:	\$45,000
Operating (Cash Flow) Reserve (10% of Maintenance Costs):	\$494,552
Estimated Total:	\$7,049,069

Fee Calculations

The estimated annual costs for the proposed storm drain improvements are \$7,049,069 as shown in Table 4 above. Dividing that by the total number of proposed DMU's in Rancho Cordova (48,788), the maximum estimated annual Stormwater Utility Fee rate is \$144.48 per DMU.

This would be the proposed maximum fee rate for fiscal year 2014-15. The maximum rate will be increased each subsequent Fiscal Year by the annual change in the Consumer Price Index (CPI), during the preceding year, for All Urban Consumers, for the San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose areas, published by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics (or a reasonably

equivalent index should the stated index be discontinued, as determined by the Director of Public Works).

The actual rate to be levied each year will be as approved by the City at a public hearing, after they consider an Annual Fee Report outlining the estimated annual costs of the program for the ensuing fiscal year.

Table 5 provides sample fee calculations for various land uses and parcel sizes.

Table 5 – Sample Calculations

Land Use Description	Total Area (acres)	Runoff Coefficient	DMUs	Sa	mple Fee
SINGLE FAMILY RESIDENTIAL (SFR1)	0.16		1.000	\$	144.48
SINGLE FAMILY RESIDENTIAL (SFR2)	0.22		1.100	\$	158.93
SINGLE FAMILY RESIDENTIAL (SFR3)	0.30		1.175	\$	169.77
SINGLE FAMILY RESIDENTIAL (SFR4)	0.40		1.250	\$	180.60
SINGLE FAMILY RESIDENTIAL (SFR5)	1.00		1.563	\$	225.75
MULTI-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL (MFR1)	5.00	0.75	46.875	\$	6,772.61
COMMERCIAL	1.00	0.95	11.875	\$	1,715.73
INDUSTRIAL	1.00	0.80	10.000	\$	1,444.82
SCHOOLS	5.00	0.50	31.250	\$	4,515.08
PRIVATE RECREATION	1.00	0.25	3.125	\$	451.51
PARKS/GREENBELTS	2.00	0.10	2.500	\$	361.21
PUBLIC	2.00	0.30	7.500	\$	1,083.62

The Preliminary Charge Roll, which is a listing of each parcel to be charged a fee and its proposed maximum fee for FY 2014-15, is on file in the office of the City Clerk.

Appeals Process

If a property owner disagrees with the calculation of his or her fee, based on the parcel area and estimated impervious percentage assigned to the property, then the property owner may appeal the calculation as follows:

- 1. Property owner must provide written documentation explaining the reason why the charge should be changed. This documentation must include:
 - a. The name, phone number, mailing address, and email address, if available, of the property owner.
 - b. The Assessor's Parcel Number (APN) of the property in question.
- 2. If additional documentation is required or insufficient documentation was submitted, a representative of the Department of Public Works (Staff) will notify the property owner in writing.
- 3. Once Staff has determined that sufficient documentation has been submitted, Staff will perform the initial review. Staff will notify the property owner in writing within four (4) weeks from the time sufficient documentation was submitted as to whether or not the fee amount will be changed.

- a. If the determination is to change the fee amount, then the new fee amount will be documented within the City's fee database.
- b. If the determination is that the fee should not be changed, the property owner can appeal Staff's decision to the Director of Public Works. The appeal must be made in writing and returned no later than four (4) weeks from the date of mailing of Staff's initial review decision. The Director of Public Works will notify the property owner in writing within four (4) weeks from the date of receipt of the appeal as to whether or not the fee amount will be changed.

If the owner of any parcel shall have reason to feel that the computation of the DMU for his/her parcel is not correct, that person may file an appeal with the Director of Public Works in the manner prescribed by the Director of Public Works. The Director of Public Works will consider all data provided by the appellant and shall render a decision in writing. The decision of the Director of Public Works will be final with respect to City action on the appeal.

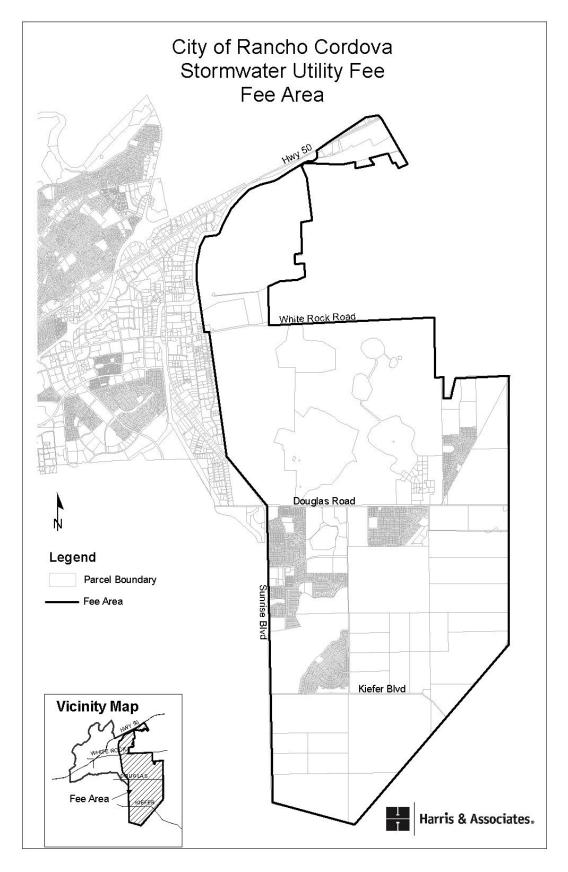
Appeals will be accepted annually up until June 30 for inclusion on the following fiscal year's property tax roll submittal. However, if an appeal is granted by Staff or the Director of Public Works that does not permit inclusion for the following fiscal year's property tax roll submittal, a reimbursement will be provided to the property owner by the City.

Respectfully submitted:

Harris & Associates

Dennis A. Anderson Senior Project Manager

APPENDIX A



APPENDIX B

Runoff Coefficient

Land Use		Percent Impervious
Single Family Residential	less than 0.166 acres	50%
Single Family Residential	0.166 acres to 0.250 acres	40%
Single Family Residential	0.251 acres to 0.330 acres	30%
Single Family Residential	0.331 acres to 0.500 acres	25%
Single Family Residential	Over 0.500 acres (excluding the first 0.500 acres)	5%
High-Density Residential (i	ncluding Apartments and Mobile Home Parks)	75%
Condominiums		70%
Commercial, Offices, Reta	il	95%
Industrial		80%
Schools		50%
Parks		25%
Greenbelts		10%

Sources:

- 1. Yolo County City/County Drainage Manual, February 2010.
- 2. Stormwater Quality Design Manual for the Sacramento and South Placer Regions, May 2007.

Appendix C

Cost Information

County of Sacramento/City of Rancho Cordova Current Storm Drain Maintenance Costs

Creek and Channel Cleaning

		Creek and Channel Cleaning	Exp	Actual enditures FY		FY 13/14
Budget	Classification	Repair Type		11/12	Budget	
County	OCCO	Inspect Channels	\$	149,684.06	\$	149,684.06
	ODSO	Clean, Inspect trach Racks and Box Culverts	\$	203,337.83	\$	203,337.83
	OF8O	Sandbag Distribution	\$	5,184.60	\$	5,184.60
	OFCO	Drainage Response	\$	82,451.66	\$	82,451.66
	OFDO	Concrete Channel Cleaning Bobcat	\$	552,150.54	\$	552,150.54
	OHWO	Vegetation Removal County Forces				
	OJZO	Clean and Inspect Outfall Structures	\$	191,840.84	\$	191,840.84
	OLCO	Access Road Maintenance	\$	-	\$	-
	OLDO	Mowing				
	OMPO	Expose Pipe End Mechanically	\$	2,720.90	\$	2,720.90
	OMRO	Channel Cleaning Mechanical	\$	49,087.50	\$	49,087.50
	OORC	Rodent Control	\$	32,695.06	\$	32,695.06
	OTVD	Tree Removal	\$	79,463.44	\$	79,463.44
	OVDO	Dry Spoil Dumping	\$	8,137.34	\$	8,137.34
	OWCO	Weed Control Chemical				
	Overhead	36.39%	\$	493,691.29	\$	493,691.29
		Total Budget=	\$	1,850,445	\$	1,850,445
County	OCCO	Inspect Channels	\$	1,797.15	\$	1,797.15
	ODSO	Clean, Inspect trach Racks and Box Culverts	\$	-	\$	-
	OF8O	Sandbag Distribution	\$	2,464.80	\$	2,464.80
	OFCO	Drainage Response	\$	1,293.11	\$	1,293.11
	OFDO	Concrete Channel Cleaning Bobcat	\$	144,294.58	\$	144,294.58
	OHWO	Vegetation Removal County Forces				
	OJZO	Clean and Inspect Outfall Structures	\$	-	\$	-
	OLCO	Access Road Maintenance	\$	57,345.54	\$	57,345.54
	OLDO	Mowing				
	OMPO	Expose Pipe End Mechanically	\$	-	\$	-
	OMRO	Channel Cleaning Mechanical	\$	32,935.75	\$	32,935.75
	OORC	Rodent Control	\$	-	\$	-
	OTVD	Tree Removal	\$	214,736.46	\$	214,736.46
	OVDO	Dry Spoil Dumping	\$	_	\$	_

Budget Class	sification	Repair Type	Exp	Actual penditures FY 11/12	FY 13/14 Budget
	OWCO	Weed Control Chemical			
	Overhead	23.51%	\$	106,945.71	\$ 106,945.71
		Total Budget=	\$	561,813	\$ 561,813
Rancho Cordova	OCCO	Inspect Channels	\$	=	\$ -
	ODSO	Clean, Inspect trach Racks and Box Culverts	\$	413.30	\$ 413.30
	OF8O	Sandbag Distribution	\$	-	\$ -
	OFCO	Drainage Response	\$	-	\$ -
	OFDO	Concrete Channel Cleaning Bobcat	\$	65,905.39	\$ 65,905.39
	OHWO	Vegetation Removal County Forces			
	OJZO	Clean and Inspect Outfall Structures	\$	-	\$ -
	OLCO	Access Road Maintenance	\$	-	\$ -
	OLDO	Mowing			
	OMPO	Expose Pipe End Mechanically	\$	-	\$ -
	OMRO	Channel Cleaning Mechanical	\$	-	\$ -
	OORC	Rodent Control	\$	-	\$ -
	OTVD	Tree Removal	\$	-	\$ -
	OVDO	Dry Spoil Dumping	\$	-	\$ -
	OWCO	Weed Control Chemical			
	Overhead	23.51%	\$	15,592.45	\$ 15,592.45
		Total Budget=	\$	81,911	\$ 81,911
Total LF of Chan	nels				
		Rancho Cordova (unlined)		74,628	74,628
		Rancho Cordova (lined)		37,562	37,562
		Total Rancho Cordova		112,189	112,189
		County (unlined)		1,677,768	1,677,768
		County (lined)		216,153	216,153
		Total County		1,893,920	1,893,920
Cost/LF of Chann	el for Clean	ing:			
		County	\$	1.27	\$ 1.27
		Rancho	\$	0.73	\$ 0.75

^{*} Costs were increased for 12/13 based on comparing actual expenditures in 11/12 with actual expenditures in 12/13.

County of Sacramento/City of Rancho Cordova Current Storm Drain Maintenance Costs

Pipe Repair Costs

		Tipe Repair Costs	Actual Expenditures for FY	FY 13/14
Budget Class	sification	Repair Type	11/12	Budget
J		1 1		
County North	OCUO	Drain Line Upgrade or Repair	\$ 630,912.90	\$ 630,912.90
-	OFFO	Fence Repair	\$ 19,343.41	\$ 19,343.41
	OHKO	Inlet Outfall Repair	\$ 455,724.02	\$ 455,724.02
	OMSO	Erosion Control	\$ 26,189.60	\$ 26,189.60
	OY8O	Manhole Repair	\$ 63,362.44	\$ 63,362.44
	RAMP	ADA Compliant Ramp	\$ -	\$ -
	Overhead	36.39%	\$ 435,026.56	\$ 435,026.56
		Total Budget=	\$ 1,630,558.93	\$ 1,630,558.93
County South	OCUO	Drain Line Unerrade or Denair	\$ 105,317.24	\$ 105,317.24
County South	OFFO	Drain Line Upgrade or Repair		
		Fence Repair	\$ 35,802.01	\$ 35,802.01
	OHKO	Inlet Outfall Repair	\$ 214,660.90	\$ 214,660.90
	OMSO	Erosion Control	\$ -	\$ -
	OY8O	Manhole Repair	\$ 8,585.40	\$ 8,585.40 \$ -
	RAMP	ADA Compliant Ramp	\$ - \$ 85.667.45	
	Overhead	23.51%	+	\$ 85,667.45 \$ 450,033.00
		Total Budget=	\$ 450,033.00	\$ 450,033.00
Rancho Cordova	OCUO	Drain Line Upgrade or Repair	\$ 222,809.74	\$ 229,850.53
	OFFO	Fence Repair	\$ 26,326.14	\$ 27,158.05
	OHKO	Inlet Outfall Repair	\$ 224,877.26	\$ 231,983.38
	OMSO	Erosion Control	\$ -	\$ -
	OY8O	Manhole Repair	\$ 4,498.84	\$ 4,641.00
	RAMP	ADA Compliant Ramp	-	-
	Overhead	23.51%	\$ 112,504.88	\$ 116,060.03
		Total Budget=	\$ 591,016.86	\$ 609,692.99
Total LF of Pipes				
		County	7,865,755	7,865,755
		Rancho Cordova	1,349,271	1,349,271
Cost/LF of pipe for	Repairs			
		County	\$ 0.26	\$ 0.26
Ì		Rancho	\$ 0.44	\$ 0.45

^{*} Costs were increased for 12/13 based on comparing actual expenditures in 11/12 with actual expenditures in 12/13.

County of Sacramento/City of Rancho Cordova Current Storm Drain Maintenance Costs

Activity	Size/Location	Cost/LF	Frequency	Notes						
Pipes/Channels										
Hydro Cleaning	6"-24"	\$ 3.00	10 years							
TV Lines	all	\$ 7.50	25 years							
Creek and Channel Cleaning	Rancho	\$ 0.75	each year	Within SWU Budget						
Creek and Channel Cleaning	Sac County	\$ 1.27								
				Per County Staff Assume no pumps						
Pump Mainteance	Covered within budg	et		in new areas.						
Repairs	2 crews year round	SWU funds su	pport this							
Hydromod Basin		cost/ac								
				Per County staff if basins cannot be maintained like they are now =						
Mowing		\$ 6,500.00	1.25 x's/year	\$10,000/acre						
Herbicides		\$ 325.00	2 x's/year							
Additional costs										
Pesticide Control Advisor		\$ 20,000.00	annually							
Engineering admin support with regulatory agencies		10%	of maint costs/year							
Supervisors and managers		5%	of maint costs/year							

Appendix D

Detailed Land Use Data

AC, Landuse & units derived from GIS/Aerials

		Arista I	Del Sol	Arbor	etum	Douc	glas 98	Douglas	103	Grantli	ne 208	Monte	elena	Rio Del 0	Oro	Sunci	eek	The Ranch (Sunridge)			Sunridge Lot J Wes			Westborough North Douglas II				Heritage Falls Anatolia IV				Anatolia Sunridge			
		7		1					1	1			Units	11.0 201			Units		· (Gamiago)	Units		110012	and the same of th				7			7	1		-90		
	Land Use/ Zoning Description	AC	Units	AC	Units	AC	Units	AC I	Inits	AC	Units	AC 2012	2012	AC	Units	AC 2013	2012	AC 2013	Units 2012		2013	AC	Units	AC	Units	AC	Units	AC	Units	GIS AC	GIS Units	GIS AC G	IS Units T	Total Acres T	otal Units
Residentia	ıl:																																		
LDR	SF (2.1-6.0 DU/AC)	35.3	176	144.8	698			3.7	14	44.7	276	71.4	388	1,518.5	7,593	179.4	899	142.3	694	35.8	179	347.2	1,580	17.70	153.00	72.20	303.00	21.60	203.00					2,635	13,156
	MD (6.1-12 DU/AC)															321.5	2,524																	322	2,524
MDR	MD (6.1-18.0 DU/AC)	83.8	556	290.0	2,334 a	94.2	528	28.2	287	42.8	227	54.4	402	256.0	2,048	43.7	286 ^c	105.4	685	17.5	192	146.8	1,389			92.10	525.00			450.8	2,831	146.4	941	1,852	13,231 885
	MD (14.0-29.9 DU/AC)			60.4	885																													60	885
HDR	HD (18.1-40.0 DU/AC)													98.0	1,960	44.2	980	12.2	378 *			30.4	922			6.80	132.00							192	4,372
	HD (30+ DU/AC)			29.5	825														* These may be A															30	825
	Residential Total	119.1	732	524.7	4,742	94.2	528	31.9	301	87.5	503	125.8	790	1,872.5	11,601	588.8	4,689	259.9	1,757	53.3	371	524.4	3,891	17.7	153	171	960	22	203	450.8	2,831	146.4	941	5,090	34,993
Non-Resid	lential:																																		
VC	Village Commercial			16.9				19.5				16.6		20.0		22.0		13.5				93.3												202	
LTC	Local Town Center			30.4										20.0								83.5												134	
RTC	Regional Town Center			0.9										113.0		58.4																		172	
BP	Business Park	6.6		65.0										86.0																				158	
MP	Industrial Park													283.0																				283	
Education																							_												
HS/MS	High School/Middle School			72.6										78.0		110.9 b						94.0	D											356	
MS	Middle School													20.0																				20	
ES	Elementary School			21.2						10.6				54.0												5.50				10.8				102	
	ce & Public:																																		
CP	Community Park	11.4		60.7						7.8				107.0		44.9		29.3				52.3												313	
P/QP	Public/Quasi Public	0.4		2.0		0.0				0.4		3.2		7.5		12.3		0.0		0.4		10.6		0.74		47.00		0.70		1.1		7.0		194	
NP SWD	Neighborhood Park	3.1		3.8		8.2		5.2		3.4 15.0		20.8		67.5		17.0		8.6 24.3		6.4				0.71		17.20 17.40		3.70		21.2		7.0 9.6		194	
WP	Storm Water Detention	4.0 55.8						43.8		81.0		54.5		39.0 510.0		53.5		24.3						4.00		17.40				9.5		9.6		745	
DP	Wetland Preserve Drainage Parkway	55.8						43.8		81.0		54.5		138.0		5.0						104.6				15.30						7.0		745	
PR	Private Recreation													54.0		5.0						104.6				4.20				4.3		1.2		63	
OS	Open Space			144.5										22.0										0.60		0.80				4.5				168	
OS/P	Open Space/Preserve			144.5										12.0		45.6		174.0				47.7		0.00		0.00								279	
LC	Landscape Corridors	1.1				2.8								82.0		19.2		174.0				77.7				2.70		1.30		13.4		0.7		123	
GB	Green Belts	1.1				2.0		2.6						51.0		13.2										2.70		1.00		10.4		0.7		54	
ROW	Right-of-way	9.5		104.3				8.5		5.3		22.4		192.0		82.6		20.5		14.5		127.1				6.90		2.20						596	
BR/WP	Reservoir / Wetland Preserve	0.0		302.8				0.0		0.0				.02.0		205.1		20.0						19.80		0.00								528	
S	Sewer Lift Station / Utility Substation	า		1.0																				10.00						6.6		6.4		14	
	Vacant (unknown dev plan)			1.0																										567.4		27.3		595	
	200 pie.i.)																													,,,,,					
	Total Non-residential	91.5		826.1		11.0		79.6		123.1		127.1		1,956.0		676.5		270.2		20.9		613.1		25.1	0.0	70.0	0.0	7.2	0.0	634.3		58.2		5,590	
														,															,,,,						
	Total Residential & Non-Res	210.6	732.0	1,350.8	4,742.0	105.2	528.0	111.5	301.0	210.6	503.0	252.9	790.0	3,828.5	11,601.0	1,265.3	4,689.0	530.1	1,757.0	74.1	371.0	1,137.5	3,891.0	42.8	153.0	241.1	960.0	28.8	203.0	1,085.1	2,831.0	204.6	941.0	10,680	

Notes: All data is from recent plans received in Nov 2013 unless specified otherwise.

Includes April 2012 Amendment AC estimated

^a Arboretum has 2 MD residential classifications. The first line is for 6.1-13.9 DU/AC (instead of 6.1-18)

^b Acreage for all schools

^c Suncreek has 2 MD residential classifications. The second line is for 12.1-18 DU/AC (instead of 6.1-18)